

Patient engagement at EMA

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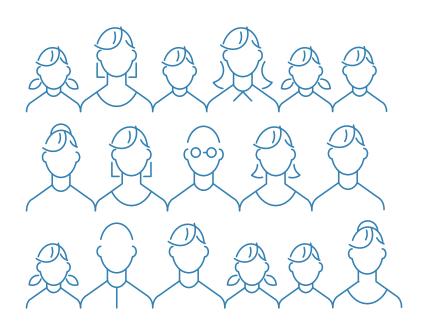
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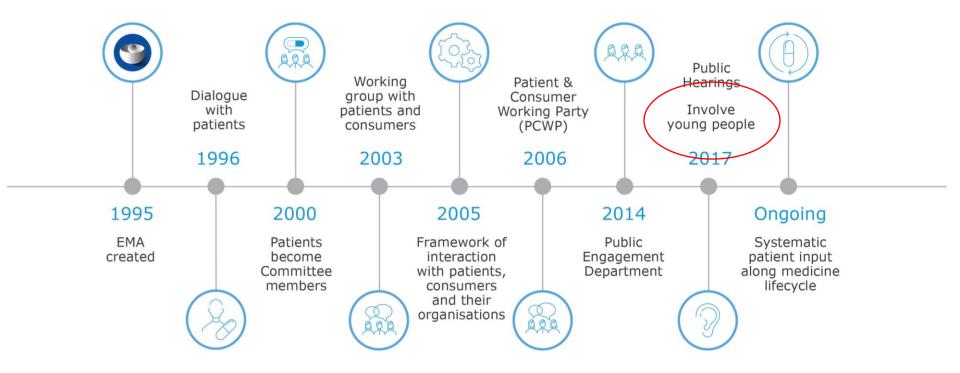


Patient engagement: Integral element of EMA activities



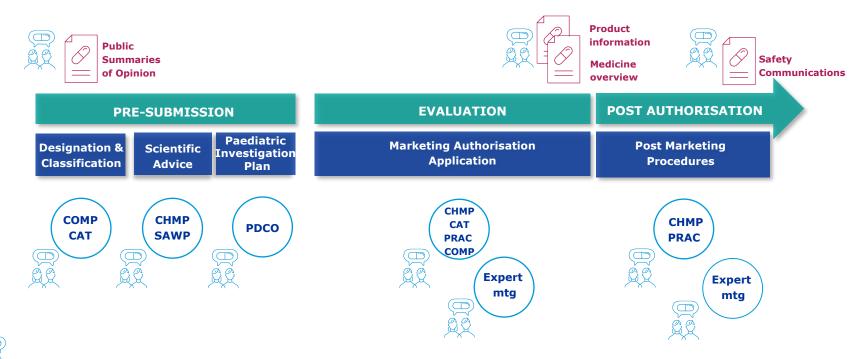


Interaction with patients: a progressive journey...





The patient voice along the medicine lifecycle



Patient input

Different ways to participate:

Representing the patient community

- Members of EMA Management Board
- Members of EMA Committees

Representing *their* own *organisation*

- Patients and Consumers Working Party (PCWP)
- EMA consultations
- Workshops

Patients as *individual* experts

- Scientific Advice procedures
- Expert meetings
- Committee consultations
- Review of documents

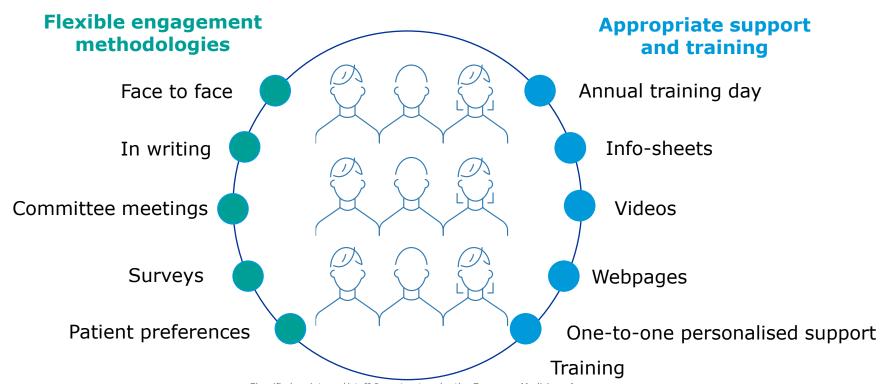
Opportunities for young patients to contribute

- Scientific advice procedures (development plans) meeting or in writing
- Committee expert group meetings
- Committee direct consultations (f2f /questionnaire)
- Stakeholder meetings (medicine-related)
- Review of labelling, risk minimisation measures and safety communications (appropriate language / increase awareness)
- Public hearings



Vital elements







Patient networks

 Any organisation representing EU patients or consumers can express an interest to work with EMA

(eligibility criteria & application form: EMA website)

 Any individual patient or carer can register to work with the EMA

(application form on <a>EMA website)





Requirements for involvement in EMA activities

- EMA has to ensure its experts (including staff and MB) do not have any financial or other interests that could affect their impartiality.
- Policy on handling of competing interests of scientific committee members and experts
 All experts participating in EMA medicine related activities need to have:
- Up-to-date DoI, e-CV & Expert Nomination form (tick box option for patients)
- Valid for 1 year
- Includes confidentiality undertaking
- Published on the EMA website in the <u>European experts list</u>



DoI *electronic* form

SECTION 1: PERSONAL DETAILS

SECTION 2: PUBLIC DECLARATION OF INTERESTS

- 2.1 Employment
- 2.2 Consultancy
- 2.3 Strategic advisory role
- 2.4 Financial interests
- 2.5 Principal investigator
- 2.6 Investigator
- 2.7 Grant / Funding to organisation/institution
- 2.8 Close family member interest
- 2.9 Any other interests or facts

SECTION 3: CONFIDENTIALITY UNDERTAKING



Consultancy for a pharmaceutical company

Is

any activity where the expert provides *any kind* of advice (including training) to a pharmaceutical company <u>regardless</u> of what is being discussed or contractual arrangements or any form of remuneration.











































Grant or other funding to an organisation/institution

Is

any funding received from a pharmaceutical company by an organisation/institution to which the expert belongs, or for which he/she performs any kind of activity, and which is used to support any activity of the expert whether or not it is related to research work.

Patients:

- •Who are **volunteers** with their organisation <u>do not</u> have to include funding related to their organisation on their DOI, <u>unless</u> they are committee / working party member/alternate.
- •who are **employees** of their organisation <u>do</u> have to include funding related to their organisation on their DOI under 2.7.

Involvement in EMA activities - examples

- **1. Alopecia**; PDCO reached out to young people with experience of hair loss to understand their views about a potential treatment = 33 responses/15 countries
- **2. Hormonal contraceptive**; PDCO asked young girls what they felt about different dosing options (how often to take the pill)
- **3. AADC deficiency** (very rare); PDCO wanted to better understand needs and desired improvements versus the acceptable risks of a treatment
- **4. Haemophilia**; a young boy joined a Scientific Advice meeting with his father and shared his views on dosing and change over of medicines.
- **5. ALS & Epidermolysis Bullosa** COMP invited young patients to the plenary meeting to share their experiences in terms of the burden of the conditions

Why is patient engagement important?

- Engaging with patients:
 - Brings everyday aspects of living with a disease into scientific discussions
 - Helps bridge the gap between clinical trial data and real world data
 - Increases awareness and understanding: TRUST
- Engagement should be mutually beneficial Learn together what format works best;
 - Be prepared understand your role provide relevant information





Engaging with patients leads to **more meaningful outcomes** for everyone!



Questions?



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