

Children and Young Patients and family Involvement: Why? and How?

Patient Organisation Workshop Train the trainers 16 & 17 September 2020, online







Introduction to the presenters



Senior Patient & Public Involvement Manager

Patient Engagement in Research
Coordinator

Senior Project Manager for Maternal and Newborn Health









Pre-training material

Article about PPI:

- Preston, J., Stones, S.R., Davies, H. & Philips, B. (2019). How to involve children and young people in what is, after all, their research. Archives of Disease in Childhood 104(5): 494-500. Doi: 10.1136/archdischild-2018-315118.

Case study for the discussion:

 What's it all about (synopsis of a paediatric clinical trial for children an Young people with asthma).











"We spend a lot of time designing the bridge, but not enough time thinking about the people who are crossing it".

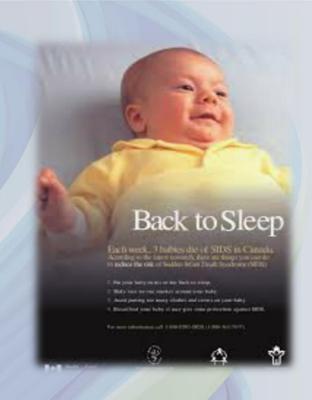
Dr. Singh, Director of System Design at the Earth Institute















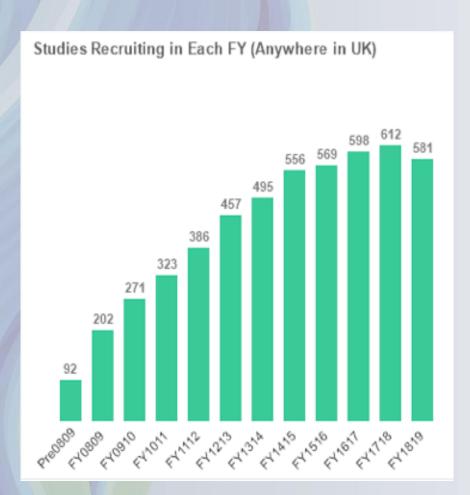














State of Paediatric Medicines in the EU

10 years of the EU Paediatric Regulation

Report from the Commission to the European Parliament and the Council

COM (2017) 626









Clinical Trials: The Nation's Perspective



Common misconceptions about clinical trials

2/3

of adults think that you have to be invited to participate in a clinical trial



58%

incorrectly think that children are not allowed to participate in clinical trials



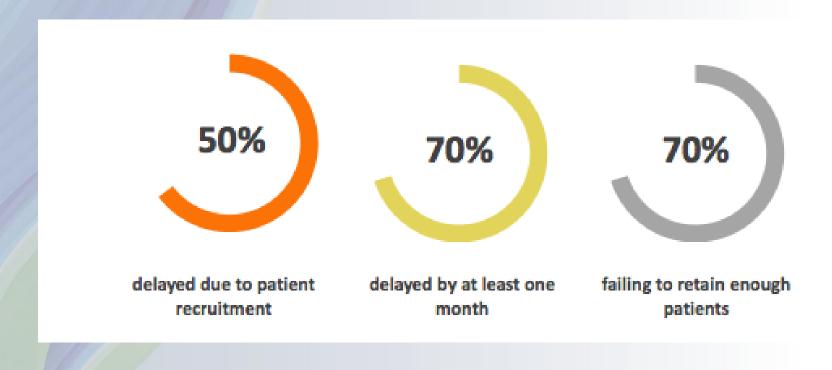
38% think all clinical trials involve testing a new drug



4 in 10

do not realise that most hospitals in this country undertake clinical trials

Challenges of clinical trials in children



Source: Clinical trials and their patients: The rising costs and how to stem the loss, 2016.

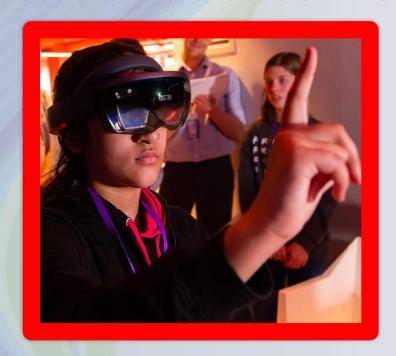








Involving patients, carers and the public, who have personal experience of or an interest in a health condition(s), in research or research related activities





An active partnership between patients and the public and researchers, doctors and other NHS staff









Keep in mind this generic definitions of key concepts...

ENGAGEMENT

where information and knowledge about research is provided and disseminated.

INVOLVEMENT

where members of the public are actively involved in research projects and in research organizations.

PARTICIPATION

where people take part in a research study.

ADVOCACY









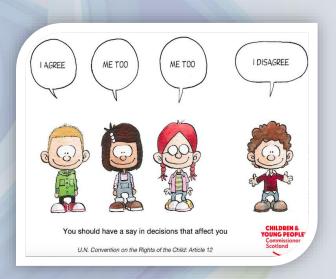
Why involve children and young people in clinical trials?















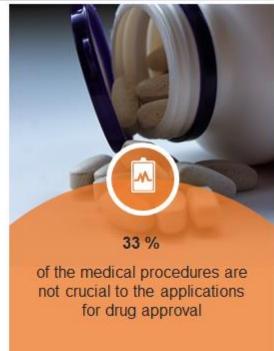














Source: Getz K.A., Zuckerman R., Cropp A.B., Hindle A.L., Krauss R., Kaitlin K.I. Measuring the incidence, causes, and repercussions of protocol amendments. Drug Inf. J. 2011;45:265–275.



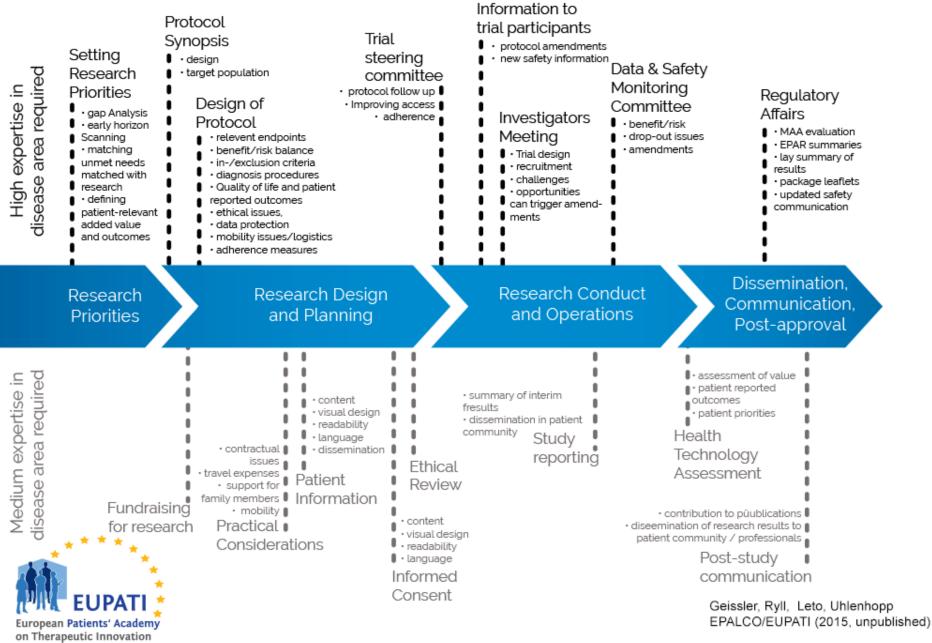






Patient involvement in medicines R&D

www.eupati.eu



How to involve children and young people in clinical trials?









Before you answer this question think about the patients:

- Vulnerable group of population
- Ethics principles
- Risk/benefit
- Rights of the children:
 - To be heard
 - To good quality health care to stay healthy
 - To research

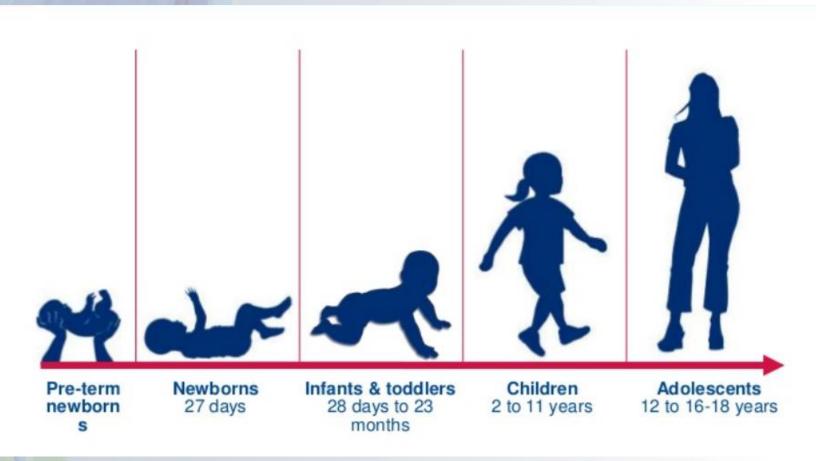








Before you answer this question think about the **patients**:











Before you answer this question think about the **patients**:











What does involving paediatric patients mean?

- Different **ages**, from preterm newborn babies to teenagers.
- Different conditions.
- Legal consent age different across the different European countries.
- Always the role of the parents/legal guardians.
- Need of targeted treatment for many conditions.
 Need of the use of placebo.









- The best methodology needs to be considered to achieve a meaningful involvement
- Every project is different: age, country, disease, protocol design, etc...
- Take your time to design, execute and evaluate the PE activity









• Ensure:

- Transparency and objectivity.
- Special needs of the patients / family.
- Means for the involvement (p.e. digital tools).
- Alignment with ethics principles and the rights of the children.
- Conflict of interest.
- Compensation reimbursement.
- Choose the best and suitable methodology
- Ask for advice of experts.









Methodology

- Focus group
- Questionnaire
- Interview
- Patient journey simulation
- Advisory boards
- Steering committee
- Etc.

- F2F - virtual - blended

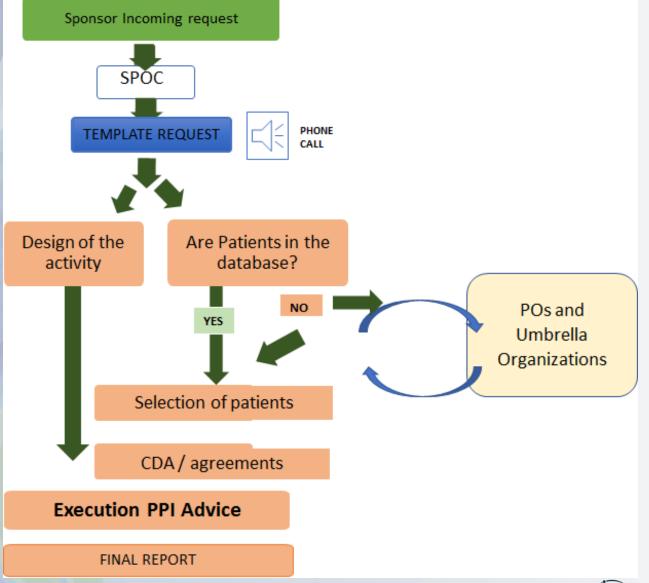








CYP & family involvement in c4c













AWARENESS DESIGN RECRUITMENT **CONSENT FEEDBACK**









PPI expert of your NH

- One expert on PPI per country
- Support and liaison to involve patients
- Collaboration with POs and sites







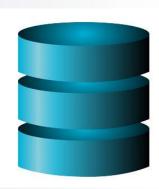




Patient Expert Database

Registration open to:

- Carer of a young patient
- Adult patient
- Professional of a PO
- Facilitator of a YPAG



https://conect4children.org/patient-and-public-involvement/



















0:01 / 2:14



















Patient involvement in the academic trials of c4c









PPI Liaison

- What is EFCNI?
- Overview of organisation
- Ongoing c4c feasibility trials:
- cASperCF
- TREOCAPA









EFCNI

The European voice of preterm children and their families

- First pan-European organisation to represent the interests of preterm and ill newborn infants and their families
- Combine forces of parents, healthcare experts, scientists

 reducing preterm birth rates and improving outcomes





- Fields of activities
 - Preconception and maternal care
 - Treatment and care
 - Continuing care

A strong partnership with...

- >100 national parent / patient organisations worldwide
- >20 global healthcare societies
- >30 European healthcare societies
- >80 national healthcare societies

- Supranational organisations (WHO, ...)
 - European institutions (EU parliament, commission, EMA,...)
- G7 preparation-meetings











TREOCAPA - Prophylactic **tre**atment **o**f the du**c**tus**a**rteriosus in **p**reterm infants by **a**cetaminophen

The study is being coordinated by INSERM in France and led by Nantes University Hospital. This study is a Phase II/III European multicentre double-blind randomised trial which will run in **66** sites in **17** European countries.

We test the primary hypothesis of whether prophylactic pharmacological intervention with acetaminophen (paracetamol), a drug with allegedly fewer adverse effects and efficacy for closure of ductus arteriosus, increases the survival without severe morbidity at postmenstrual age of 36 weeks in infants born extremely preterm.

Phase II – dose finding phase in order to assess the minimum effective dose regimen of acetaminophen for the closure of PDA for neonates with a gestational age less than 27 weeks. A maximum sample size of 30 patients will be enrolled (with 1/3 of patients with GA of 23-24 weeks, 1/3 of 25 weeks, and 1/3 of 26 weeks).

Phase III – placebo-controlled superiority trial of 548 infants of more than 27 weeks GA to increase survival without morbidity from 50% to 62%

This project has received funding from the Innovative Medicines Initiative 2 Joint Undertaking under Grant Agreement No 777389. The Joint Undertaking receives support from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme and EFPIA









TREOCAPA - Patient Public Involvement

Parent Advisory Board and further parent/patient representatives

Identification and selection of Trial Parent Advisory Board (PAB) members



- **Management of PAB**
- Coordination with c4c PPI-Team
- Creation of information material on the trial
- Research into further relevant patient/parent groups for TREOCAPA
- Coordination with further relevant patient/parent groups (if applicable)

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TREOCAPA - Patient Public Involvement

Providing input on trial materials

- Providing input on Ethics proposal
- Providing input for study protocol/design
- Providing input on all relevant trial materials during the course of the trial
- Create and edit letter of consent for parents in the trial
- Providing input for the development of the e-tool to perform follow-up
- Provide advice for parental adherence during follow-up

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TREOCAPA - Patient Public Involvement

- Involvement of EFCNI in the Steering Committee of the trial
- Taking part in the Steering Committee calls/meetings
- Reviewing documents pertaining to the Steering Committee

Outreach and dissemination

- Establishment of a communication strategy
- Dissemination via Social Media
- Identification of key stakeholders
- Translation and dissemination of trial results to patient/parent community,
 policy makers and general public

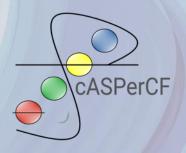
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cASPerCF - Finding the right dose of posaconazole for children and young people with CF and *Aspergillus* infection.

The study is being coordinated by the University of Exeter, UK, in collaboration with the Children's Hospital Bambino Gesu in Rome, Italy. This randomised, open label study will run in 35 centres in 12 European countries.

We aim to screen 1500 children and young people (between the ages of 8 and 18) for signs of Aspergillus infection in 18 months. 135 children and young people who were found to have an Aspergillus infection during the screening phase will be randomly allocated to either the treatment or control arm.

45

participants will receive **no treatment** but will continued to be monitored.

90

participants will receive the **posaconazole** treatment for three months.

We are interested to see if the posaconazole dose used gives sufficient levels in blood, and if it is able to clear *Aspergillus* infection, reduce inflammation, and stop lung function decline.

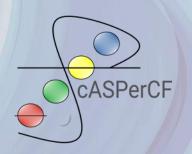
cASPerCF is a c4c project. This project has received funding from the Innovative Medicines Initiative 2 Joint Undertaking under grant agreement No 777389. The Joint Undertaking receives support from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme and EFPIA.











Patient and Public Involvement in the cASPerCF study.

Patient and Public Involvement (PPI) in cASPerCF can be summarised by three key pillars:

Educating patients and the public on the aims of the study.

Advocating for patients within the design and delivery of the study.

Disseminating progress and results of the study.

And we have a number of methods to complete these aims.

A Steering Committee, Focus Groups, Developing Accessible Trial Materials, Social Media and PPI lead involvement in Study Team Meetings.

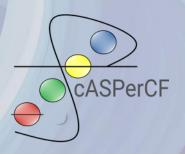
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Aims

Educating Advocating Disseminating



Patient and Public Involvement in the case case study

Methods

Steering Committee
Focus Groups
Accessible Trial Materials
Social Media
Study Team Meetings

Outcomes

Lay Protocol
Lay Protocol Graphics
Patient Information Sheet
Twitter Account
YouTube Video
Input and Review of Protocol Design
Considering Effects of Covid19
Dissemination of Results

This enables us to successfully involve, empower and listen to patients, and ensure that cASPerCF works best for everyone. Follow us on twitter for more information: @cASPerCFstudy.

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Activity: Asmtha paeditric clinical trial









SUMMARY OF THE TRIAL

Aim of the trial: Find out if testing the MAS gene helps doctors to prescribe the best Stage 3 Defence medicine: Exhalin or Verabreath.

Design of the trial:

- 200 participants between 7 and 18 years old.
- Wast out period of 2 weeks. Patients will be able to use their inhalers.
- Group 1: test of the MAS gene.
 - If they have the gene= they take Verabreath
 - If they do not have the gene= they take Exhalin
- Group 2: not tested of MAS gene. Treatment: Exhalin









SUMMARY OF THE TRIAL

- One year of treatment
 - If the drug doesn't work doctors can change the treatment and patients can decide to not take part of the trial.

Outcomes:

- Effect school life. How many days of school have been missed because of ashtma.
- Effect on ordinary life: confidential online questionnaire six times during the trial.
- Medical tests: half a day in hospital four times during the trial, to mave tests of their asthma.
- Thank you gift (20 € Amazon voucher) and travel expesses covered.









Questions for the discussion:

- 1. How clear is the aim of the clinical trial? Is there any missing information? What are the benefits/risks for patients?
- 2. What PPI activities could be carried out before the trial starts?
- 3. How clearly are the procedures during the trial explained?
- 4. What are your thoughts on the trial follow up/compensation? How could the patient feature more prominently?









Take home messages...

- 1. Make sure the **involvement of children and young** people in the drug development process **is feasible**.
- 2. PPI needs to be an integrated part of the process from the beginning
- Design, execution and evaluation of every PPI activity is essential.
- 4. Share your experiences of PPI (good and bad) so everyone can learn 'how' to effectively involve patients and families in the research process
- 5. Showing the added value of PPI (in terms of outcomes/financially) is important for implementing points 2 and 3 below.









Promote a new research paradigm educating patients



Home The Project → Network → Academy PoV Studies Patients → News → Contact

Q Search

Educational Resources Library

Home / Educational Resources Library



This Toolkit is intended as a living repository of educational materials to provide patients participating in clinical trials, their families and new YPAGs (Young Person Advisory Groups) with information to get started in patient and public involvement in the development of medicines.

In this section, patients and their families will find materials that will help them understand what a clinical trial is, what happens in a clinical trial, what ethical and legal implications entail and what role patients' (and their families) can play in the development of a clinical trial.

Click the panel below to access the complete educational resource bank.











Thank you! ppi@conect4children.org







